

# Bio products and bio-based value chains SYLLABUS

Study subject No: 2.1.

Responsible Unit: JAMK University of Applied Sciences, School of Technology,

**Institute of Bioeconomy (JAMK)** 

### Credits and distribution of academic hours\*:

	Credits	Contact hours		Independent	
	ECTS	Lectures (academic hours)	Practical works or seminars	study hours	Total hours
JAMK	5	25	20	105	150
Total	5	25	20	105	150

<sup>\*</sup> 1 ECTS = 30 hours (9 contact hours and 21 independent hours);

 $1 \ academic \ hour = 40 \ minutes;$ 

Theoretical lectures not less than 50% of contact hours.

### Course developers:

JAMK University of Applied Sciences, Auer Jaana, M.Sc. (agricultural bio-based products and value chains) JAMK University of Applied Sciences, Knuuttila Kirsi, M.Sc. (forest bioeconomy products and value chains)

*Notes:* General study course for the master programme Bioeconomy.

Prior knowledge: none.

### Annotation:

Understanding the characters of bio products: bio products' possibilities and limitations; bio products' sustainability evaluation and measurements to evaluate different aspects of sustainability; recognition of possible products and services from the available bio-resources; markets of bio-based products. Understanding the elements of bio-based value chains: evaluating the prospects of the bio-based value chains; learning to build opportunities for establishing new bio-based value-chains. Transition from fossil-based economies towards bioeconomy: learning to support best practices in the business development regarding the limits of sustainability of biodiversity's (supporting soil quality and health in bio-based value chains and supporting water protection practices in bio-based value chains); circular economies in energy and nutrient productions.

### The aim:

The student is familiar with innovative, novel bioproducts and bio-based value chains. The student is able to analyze and evaluate the requirements, possibilities and limitations of bio-based production chains. The student can assess business opportunities based on biomass potential in the area. Students are familiar with systems thinking in order to generate new solutions and innovations for systematic and feasible transition to bioeconomy. Students learn to support best practices in the business development regarding the limits of sustainability. E.g. students know how to support soil quality and health or water protection practices in bio-based value chains. Students recognize different business models of bioeconomy and circular bioeconomy. The student recognizes and utilizes various tools in





designing bioeconomy and circular bioeconomy business models. After completing the course, the student can generate a business model for a sustainable bio-based product.

### Description of the organization and tasks of students' independent work:

Students take part into lectures according to course schedule. Students make 1 pair work, 2 group works and 1 individual examination. All these are scheduled and the deadlines for work is given in beginning of the course. One group work (=business model canvas) is represented to other students in a seminar and participation to this seminar is compulsory. This is necessary for peer-to-peer evaluation and feedback to students.

### Learning outcomes (knowledge, skills and competences)

Learning	Assessment	Levels of achievement		
outcomes	methods	Satisfactory	Average	High
KNOWLEDGE				
Novel, innovative biobased value chains and products	Examination	The student can identify and describe biobased value chains/products	The student can assess biobased value chains/products according to their sustainability features	The student can assess comprehensively and critically biobased value chains/products in terms of sustainability. The assessment is based on scientific knowledge or practise.
Systems thinking theory	Examination	The student knows the basics of systems theory and systems thinking	The student understands systems thinking as a way to solve complex problems. The student can describe linkages and interactions of a complex system.	The student can examine a system's interrelationships (contexts and connections) from different perspectives.
Sustainability assessment methods in business development  SKILLS	Examination	The student knows basics of sustainability assessment	The student understands the methods of sustainability assessment in business management	The student can apply sustainability assessment in business development
Professional skills				
Value chain assessment and mapping skills	Pair work	The student can identify and map local bio-based value chains	The student can identify, map and assess local biobased value chains in terms on sustainability	The student can identify, map and assess local biobased value chains comprehensively in terms of sustainability. The assessments are validated with scientific knowledge.



Value chain and	Duois et recoule	The student con coocs	The student con	The student con coses
business	Project work	The student can assess	The student can assess local biomass	The student can assess
		local biomass potential		local biomass potential
development skills: Biomass		to some extend, but some elements are	potential with	realistically and
			realistic insights	development oriented
potential assessment skills		missing or are unrealistic		
Business	Designet records	The student can make a	The student con	The student con concepts
	Project work and	new business model	The student can	The student can generate
generation skills,	presentation	based on local biomass	generate a new innovative business	an innovative, game changing, and feasible
Applying, analysing and	presentation	potential. The business	model based on local	business model based on
evaluation skills		model canvas tool was	biomass. The model	local biomass. The
of business		not correctly used. The	takes sustainability	model takes
models			aspects into account.	
inodeis		presentation is not satisfactory and does	The presentation	sustainability aspects into account. The
		not show good	shows that the	presentation shows in-
		understanding of the	business model is	depth understanding of
		business line.	understood correctly,	business line in question.
		ousiness inic.	and it is feasible.	business fine in question.
Soft skills			and it is reasible.	<u> </u>
Teamwork,	Project work	The student can work	The student is a real	The student is a real
cooperation skills;	and	in a team acting in a	team player who	team player and inspires
Discussing and	presentation	fair and responsible	takes care that all are	others so that the team
argumentation		way.	involved and takes	can achieve good results
skills		Difficulty in discussing	responsibility	in the schedule.
		and arguing the	voluntarily. Obey	Argumentation is
		choices in the business	rules and timetables.	complete and shows in
		model.	Argumentation is	depth understanding of
GOV (DEMENVOE			good.	the business line.
COMPETENCE	<b>.</b>			T 11 . 1 . 1 . 1 . 1 . 1 . 1 . 1 . 1 . 1
Business	Examination	Some theoretical	Good theoretical	Excellent ability to apply
competences;		knowledge but based	knowledge and	the theoretical
define, describe		only on facts;	ability to define,	knowledge acquired and
and analyse		difficulties in applying	describe and analyse	find creative and feasible
bioproducts and		sustainable business	bioproducts and	solutions for sustainable
biobased value		development approach	biobased value	business development in
chains; ability to		in an enterprise	chains; ability to	an enterprise
apply sustainable business			apply sustainable business	
			development	
development methods in an			*, ,	
enterprise			approach in an enterprise	
emerprise			emerprise	

## Requirements for awarding credit points:

## Knowledge assessment and prerequisites for taking a test or examination

The final mark in the course is based on a cumulative score of 3 assignments (practicals) and an examination.

<sup>\* 10</sup> percent are equal to one point on a 10-point marking scale (or 10 percent are equal to 0.5 point on a 5-point marking scale).





Topic	Type of assessment	Percentage	Assessment deadline
Pair work on mapping an Uzbekistan value chain and chain analysis; writing a report	Independent work; report	20%	Within the specified time for the report
Project work: Biomass potential assessment	Independent work in the project; Project report	20%	Within the specified time for the report
Group work: Generation of a business model using the business model canvas (BMC) -tool and presenting the business model in a seminar	Independent group work; BMC and a presentation	30%	Peer-to-peer evaluation within the specified time for presentations
Topics: novel, innovative bio-based value chains and products, systems thinking theory and sustainability assessment methods in business development (reading pointed books and scientific articles and lesson materials)	Examination	30%	Within the specified time for the test
Total		100%	-

#### The course contents

### 1. Lectures

- 1. Definitions: characters of bioproducts, bioproduct, bio-based value chains, value chain mapping, biomass potential, circular bioeconomy, biorefineries, industrial ecosystems.
- 2. Examples of current bio-based product value chains.
- 3. Analysis of advantages and disadvantages of current value chains of bioproducts.
- 4. Examples of innovative bio-based products (food, wood based, textiles, bio-plastics).
- 5. Value chain and business development: biomass availability in the area, biomass potential (theoretical, environmental, economic and sustainable measurement of biomass availability).
- 6. Value chain and business development: long-term innovative systems thinking; encourages the exploitation of organic waste/residues from agriculture, animal husbandry, domestic, industrial and commercial industries. Systems thinking generates new solutions and innovations and also enable systematic and feasible transition to bioeconomy.
- 7. Sustainable food system/sustainable food value chain: sustainable food production, consumption and waste/surplus management; nutrient cycling, recovering nutrients from manure, reusing nutrients in sewage sludge, cascading use of materials, supporting local farming, biodiversity, soil health.
- 8. Business models of bio-based products
- 9. Biobased products from idea to market: 15 success stories in EU. The development of the success stories considers the history of the product development from idea to market, it provides descriptions of technology, product and feedstocks, and it considers how funding has been obtained as well as the existing and potential markets. All success stories provide a simple SWOT (identification of Strengths, Weaknesses, Opportunities and Threats) and they identify the key drivers of the observed success.
- 10. Generation of new business models: business model canvas (BMC) –tool
- 11. Value proposition and customer-oriented marketing.
- 12. Product development.



### 2. Practicals

- 1. Value chain mapping of a local Uzbekistan bioeconomy value chain (pair work); analysing the pros and cons of the value chain.
- 2. Project work (a group work): Biomass potential assessment. The student chooses one biomass in his/her home area and collects information about the availability of that biomass (quantity, quality, price, location, seasonal/always available, usability, users etc.). This is a starting point for the students to generate a business model upon it in later assignments.
- 3. Business model canvas (a group work): The students make a business model for a local existing company or for a fictional company (students' own business). The business model canvas tool is used. This new bioproduct uses the biomass which was looked into in the project work. The students represent their business model to other students in a seminar. Other students are supposed to ask questions or comment about the business model they also give peer-to-peer evaluation to the business model using the SWOT analysis method. In that way the students get feedback of feasibility of their business idea. Finally, the peer-to-peer evaluators give grades using scale 1-5.
- 4. Examination: Students read pointed books, scientific articles and lesson materials and take part into examination.

### List of sources of training, methodological and scientific literature and information

### Compulsory reading (books, scientific articles, online sources etc.):

- 1. European Commission. 2019. Biobased products from idea to market "15 EU success stories".pdf
- 2. Jurgilevich, Birge, Kentala-Lehtonen, Korhonen-Kurki, Pietikäinen, Saikku & Schösler. 2015. Transition towards Circular Economy in the Food System.
- 3. Osterwalder, A. & Pigneur, Y. 2010. Business Model Generation. A handbook for Visionaries, Game Changers, and Challengers.
- 4. Osterwalder, A., Pigneur, Y., Bernarda, G., Smith, A. & Papadakos, T. Value Proposition Design. How to create products and services customers want.
- 5. Sitra 2021. EU Biomass Use in a Net-Zero Economy. <a href="https://www.sitra.fi/en/publications/eu-biomass-use-in-a-net-zero-economy/">https://www.sitra.fi/en/publications/eu-biomass-use-in-a-net-zero-economy/</a>
- 6. Greene, Joseph P. Wiley 2014. Sustainable plastics: environmental assessments of biobased, biodegradable, and recycled plastics
- 7. Vlathos, Ilias P. & Malindretos, George. 2015. Markets, Business and Sustainability. Bentham Science Publishers.
- 8. Griffith, C., Caiazza, R. & Volpe, T. 2016. Innovation in the agro-food value chain. Emerald Publishing Limited.
- 9. Kassel, K. 2013. The thinking executive's Guide to Sustainability. Business Expert Press.

### Further reading:

- 1. Utilizing Principles of Biodiversity Science to Guide Soil Microbial Communities for Sustainable Agriculture, <u>10.32942/osf.io/tm5eh</u>
- 2. Circular Economy Action Plan. For a cleaner and more competitive Europe. COM (2020) 98 final. Published: 2020-07-23 in Brussels. ISBN 978-92-76-19070-7, https://op.europa.eu/s/ora7
- 3. A New Industrial Strategy for Europe. COM (2020) 102 final. Published in 2020-03-10 in Brussels. p. 9, https://ec.europa.eu/info/sites/info/files/communication-eu-industrial-strategy-march-2020\_en.pdf
- 4. Understanding the role of ruminant systems on greenhouse gas emissions and soil health in selected Central Asian countries (2021) https://doi.org/10.4060/cb4447en
- 5. Sinclair, R. (Ed.). (2014). Textiles and fashion: Materials, design and technology. Retrieved from <a href="http://ebookcentral.proquest.com">http://ebookcentral.proquest.com</a>. Created from jypoly-ebooks on 2020-05-11 05:53:49.





- 6. Institute for European Environmental Policy 2020. Assessing contribution towards the SDGs? Guidance for evaluating bio-based projects,
  - $\frac{https://biconsortium.eu/sites/biconsortium.eu/files/downloads/Guidance\%20 for\%20 assessing\%20 bio-based\%20 projects\%27\%20 contribution\%20 towards\%20 the\%20 SDGs.pdf$
- 7. Websites of different bio-based industries, e.g.
  - a. EU Bio-based Industries Platform, <u>Home | Bio-based Industries Joint Undertaking (BBI JU)</u> (europa.eu)
  - b. Plastics Europe website, Plastics Europe
  - c. Finnish Plastic Industry Federation -website, Muoviteollisuus ry (plastics.fi)
  - d. Bioeconomy-website, https://www.bioeconomy.fi/articles/
  - e. European bioplastics website <a href="https://www.european-bioplastics.org/">https://www.european-bioplastics.org/</a>
  - f. Bioplastics news website <a href="https://bioplasticsnews.com/">https://bioplasticsnews.com/</a>
- 8. Sitra and Palmu 2019. What motivates smart consumption? <a href="https://www.sitra.fi/en/publications/what-motivates-smart-consumption-using-motivation-profiles-to-support-business-planning/">https://www.sitra.fi/en/publications/what-motivates-smart-consumption-using-motivation-profiles-to-support-business-planning/</a>
- 9. (193) Peter Senge: "Systems Thinking for a Better World" Aalto Systems Forum 2014 YouTube
- 10. FAO 2020. Support in Formulating National Export Promotion Strategies for Selected Products in Azerbaijan, Tajikistan, and Uzbekistan TCP/SEC/3602, Support in Formulating National Export Promotion Strategies for Selected Products in Azerbaijan, Tajikistan, and Uzbekistan TCP/SEC/3602 (fao.org)
- 11. Ellen MacArthur Foudation 2016. The New Plastics Economy Rethinking the Future Plastics. https://emf.thirdlight.com/link/faarmdpz93ds-5vmvdf/@/preview/1?o
- 12. Case studies for upstream innovations, <a href="https://emf.thirdlight.com/link/qly64rii2775-je3k1d/@/preview/1?o">https://emf.thirdlight.com/link/qly64rii2775-je3k1d/@/preview/1?o</a>

#### Periodicals and other sources:

- 1. FAO Examples of sustainable bioeconomy from Central Asia, News | FAO Regional Office for Europe and Central Asia | Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations
- 2. Ellen MacArthur Foundation website: What is upstreamed innovation? <a href="https://plastics.ellenmacarthurfoundation.org/upstream">https://plastics.ellenmacarthurfoundation.org/upstream</a>
- 3. Website: Wood based solutions from Finland, <a href="https://www.magnetcloud1.eu/b/businessfinland/BF\_Wood-based\_Solutions/">https://www.magnetcloud1.eu/b/businessfinland/BF\_Wood-based\_Solutions/</a>
- 4. The Bloom Bioeconomy Suitcase video <a href="https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=2fOGs3f-P0I">https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=2fOGs3f-P0I</a>
- 5. Bioplastics from sugerbeet -video 2020 <a href="https://bloom-bioeconomy.eu/2020/04/01/video-series-on-bioeconomy-bioplastics-from-sugar-beets/">https://bloom-bioeconomy.eu/2020/04/01/video-series-on-bioeconomy-bioplastics-from-sugar-beets/</a>
- 6. Bioplastics from Bacteria -video 2020 <a href="https://bloom-bioeconomy.eu/2020/07/16/video-series-on-bioeconomy-bioplastic-from-bacteria/">https://bloom-bioeconomy.eu/2020/07/16/video-series-on-bioeconomy-bioplastic-from-bacteria/</a>
- 7. Blue Bioeconomy Forum <a href="https://op.europa.eu/en/publication-detail/-/publication/c8b2f69f-4314-11ea-b81b-01aa75ed71a1">https://op.europa.eu/en/publication-detail/-/publication/c8b2f69f-4314-11ea-b81b-01aa75ed71a1</a>
- 8. What do you know about bioeconomy, blog <a href="https://blogit.jamk.fi/tarvaalantarinoita/2021/01/14/what-do-you-know-about-bioeconomy/">https://blogit.jamk.fi/tarvaalantarinoita/2021/01/14/what-do-you-know-about-bioeconomy/</a>

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